



e-Government for Small Countries Challenges and Opportunities

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Primary Needs ...

- ⊙ Integrated governmental information systems
 - ⊙ Registries, document management, accounting, GIS, ...
- ⊙ e-Services to citizens, apps, payments, ...

Based on...

- ⊙ Hosting, networking
- ⊙ PKI
- ⊙ Electronic identity, mobile identity
- ⊙ Data exchange platform
- ⊙ Portals
- ⊙ Custom-made software
- ⊙ Cybersecurity

Also ...

- ⊙ Personnel is needed to operate the systems
 - ⊙ Separation of roles
- ⊙ Redundancy is needed
 - ⊙ Multiple data centers, disaster recovery
- ⊙ Sustainability
 - ⊙ Systems must be renewed (5-10 years lifetime)
- ⊙ Autonomy and self-sufficiency are needed, staying in control

- ⊙ Cannot just leave out some pieces
- ⊙ Might be too much for small countries

Solutions ...

- ⊙ More efficient solutions with smaller footprint and lower administrative overhead
 - ⊙ UXP – very fast data exchange and PKI system with low administrative overhead
- ⊙ Outsourcing
 - ⊙ Very common in hosting, networking and PKI
- ⊙ Sharing systems and services with private sector
 - ⊙ Great for electronic and mobile identity
- ⊙ International cooperation
 - ⊙ Sharing the systems and installations, redundant data centres and disaster recovery

Questions ...

- ⊙ Is it secure?
 - ⊙ What functions can be outsourced and shared?
- ⊙ How to organize the cooperation?
 - ⊙ What are the rules?
 - ⊙ What standards and protocols to use?
 - ⊙ How to avoid vendor lock-in?



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